Seven Points for a Five-year Action Plan To emerge from the 2013 UN High Level Dialogue on Migration and Development

A civil society proposal 2014-2018

Governance of Mobility:

1. Regulate the migrant labour recruitment industry

- Implement effective standards and mechanisms to regulate the migrant labour recruitment industry
- Compile existing recruitment problems and solutions
- Convene legitimate private recruitment actors
- Develop a compact on reducing abuses in the recruitment field

2. Migrants Stranded in Distress

- assistance and protection needs of migrants stranded in distress, including those trapped in situations of war, conflict or disaster (natural or man-made)
- migrant victims of violence or trauma in transit
- assistance for migrant women who are raped, and unaccompanied children in transit

Governance of Migration and Development

3. Post 2015 Development Agenda

- Integration of migration into the post-2015 development agenda
- better policy planning and coherence that can make migration a choice and not a necessity
- affirm both the right to migrate and the right to remain at home with decent work and human security
- Link migration to UN development concerns regarding poverty, health, gender equality, financing for development and sustainable development

4. Labour Rights for Migrant Workers

- Mechanisms to guarantee labour rights for migrant workers equal to the rights of nationals, including the rights to equal pay and working conditions, to form and organize in trade unions, to ensure portability of pensions and to have paths to citizenship for migrant workers and their families
- guarantee human security and rights to workers
- affirm States' role to protect the rights of all workers
- address the movement of peoples in the global trade agenda
- address national progress in complying with the worker-related international conventions, including ratification and implementation of the UN Migrant Workers Convention and the ILO Convention on Domestic Workers

5. Rights of Migrant Women

- policies and programmes that enable women workers to have the choice whether to migrate or remain in home countries
- legislation that enables migrant women, regardless of status, to have access to basic services; recourse to the justice system; and protection against all forms of violence
- Address the rights of migrant women as a separate goal and also as a cross-cutting concern in all of the seven goals.
- Consider the best interests of children in the context of migration, including their rights

Institutional Mechanisms of Migration Governance

6. National Legislation

• Enact and implement national legislation to comply with the full range of provisions in international conventions that pertain to migrants, with particular concern for rights in the context of enforcement policies, rights to basic social protection and due process.

7. Institutional Coherence & Global Governance

- Create coherence of international mechanisms of migrants' rights protection, recognizing the
 roles of the GFMD and the Global Migration Group; the distinct mandate of the ILO for worker
 protection, and protection activity of agencies including the ILO, IOM, UNHCR, OHCHR, UN
 Women and UNODC.
- Affirm global migration governance in the context of the UN normative framework
- evaluate the GFMD process, including questions of accountability, transparency, inclusiveness and outcomes
- institutionalize the participation of civil society in future governance mechanisms